

99 Bushy Hill st Tapanui 9522 New Zealand. ph 03 2048250 Fax 03 2048278 Email info @bmn.co.nz

# **Retail Pleione List 2015**

### Stock Name

### **Pleione Alishan**

A nice line of variable vigorous seedlings. Flowers are deep pink with fringed lips marked red and dark mauve. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Grow in light shade.

### **Pleione Alishan Foxhill**

A hybrid clone with flowers of deep rose pink with ginger markings on the lip. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Light shade.



Stock Code Price each Per 3 Per 10

(P. Versailles x P. formosana) \$6.50 \$48.75 PLEI ALI \$16.25

### (P. Versailles x P. formosana)

PLEI AFOX

\$10.00 \$25.00 \$75.00

### Pleione Alishan Merlin

Deep pink flowers with tepals and sepals tipped white. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Grow in light shade.

### **Pleione Alishan Pat's Choice**

Pat chose this nice form for it's tall flower stems and large flowers of deep lilac with attractive lip markings.



### Pleione Alishan Tui

This is one of our own hybrids. The deep petunia purple tepals, lip white with markings make a very striking flower. Named for our native bird the Tui. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Light shade.



(P. Versailles x P. formosana)

PLEI AMER

\$12.50 \$31.25 \$93.75

(P. Versailles x P. formosana) PLEI APAT \$10.50 \$26.25 \$78.75

### (P.Versailles x P. formosana) \$78.75

PLEI ATUI \$10.50 \$26.25

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### Pleione El Pico Pheasant (P. versailles x P. bulbocodioides) Small vibrant dark mauve pink flowers with PLEI EPHE \$8.00 \$20.00 \$60.00 lips spotted crimson on tall stems. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Light shade. **Pleione f. Oriental Grace** Flowers rosy violet, lip paler marked brown PLEI ORIG \$8.00 \$20.00 \$60.00 and yellow. One of the best forms. Grow in light shade. Moist in summer, dry in winter. Pleione f. Pukekura Surprise Very large flowers of soft lavender with PLEI FPUK \$13.00 \$32.50 \$97.50 large green pseudo bulbs. A New Zealand raised cultivar. Pleione formosana Harberd's X Glistening white flowers of great charm with PLEI FHAR \$8.00 \$20.00 \$60.00 yellow markings on lip. A little later flowering than Pleione f. Alba. Moist in summer, dry in winter. Grow in light shade. Pleione formosana Alba One of our most distinct and popular PLEI FALB \$8.00 \$20.00 \$60.00 clones. Flowers large and of a most attractive glistening white. The lip is finely fringed and marked with greenish yellow. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Grow in light shade. Pleione formosana Clare Large pure white flowers often two per stem PLEI FCLA \$8.00 \$20.00 \$60.00 with the lip markings pale lemon. Pleione formosana Cutie Dainty pure white flowers often 2 per stem. PLEI FCUT \$8.00 \$20.00 \$60.00 Lip marking greenish, pale lemon. Pleione formosana Elms Large flowers of soft lavender make this PLEI FELM \$12.50 \$31.25 \$93.75 form desirable

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\$5.50

\$13.75

\$41.25

PLEI FLIL

PLEI PIT

### Pleione formosana Lilac Beauty

A delightful lilac pink flower, with deep pink spots on lip. Earliest to flower. Shade and water well in summer. Keep dry in winter.



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Pleione formosana Phyllis Every A good vigorous form with large deep lavender flowers with bronze lip markings.	PLEI FPHY	\$8.00	\$20.00	\$60.00
Pleione formosana. Lilac Splendour Large flowers of soft lilac pink. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Light shade.	PLEI FLS	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
<b>Pleione Hekla</b> Early, dainty, short stemmed flowers of petunia purple. The lips are frilled with dark red markings.The new foliage is deep	PLEI HEL	(P. specie \$10.50	<b>osa x P</b> \$26.25	<b>. humilis)</b> \$78.75

### **Pleione Piton**

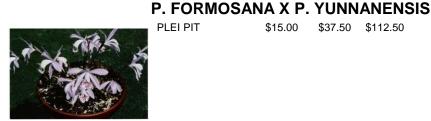
the Pleiones.

Soft lavender flowers with purple-lavender markings. Water well in summer. Keep dry in winter. Light shade.

An outstanding form with large flowers of

deep apricot with lips of gold and red. Amongst the largest and most vigorous of

bronze which makes this form unique.



\$37.50 \$112.50

\$15.00

(P.speciosa x P. Shuntung) PLEI RNUT

\$50.00 \$125.00 \$375.00



### Pleione Rakata Shot Silk

**Pleione Rakata Nuthatch** 

Unique colours of deep salmon orange and magenta. The lip is slightly paler with orange and red spots. One of the best clones with large flowers on tall stems. Keep dry in winter. Light shade.

### Pleione S. Apricot Brandy

Yellow flowers with a pink overtone. Largest flowered form of the Shantungs. Likes shade and a cool summer.

# (P. speciosa x P. Shantung)

PLEI RSHO \$10.50 \$26.25 \$78.75

#### P. formosana x P. confusa) \$10.50 \$26.25 \$78.75 PLEI SAPR

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### marking on the lip. Best yellow colour in the cool and shade.

Pleione Shantung Miki Large well formed lilac and yellow flowers with red markings on lip. More pink if grown in warmer conditions. Moist in summer, dry in winter. Grow in light shade and keep cool.

Good clear yellow flowers with red markings

The deepest yellow of our Pleiones. Always

popular. Flowers with a prominent red

on lip. The best yellow colours are when grown in a cool climate. Moist in summer,

### **Pleione Soufriere**

Flowers pale rose purple, the lips are pale and heavily marked red. Keep moist in summer and dry in winter.

# **Pleione speciosa Volcanello**

**Pleione Versailles** Flowers of deep rose-pink with a paler lip, spotted brick red. One of the most delightful Pleiones. For best results keep moist in summer, dry in winter. Grow in light shade.

### Potting mix - Pleione Mix

A special mix for your Pleione's. Keep just damp until leaves start to appear, water well during late spring to summer and early autumn.

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(P. formosana x P. limprichtii)
PLEI VER
                 $8.00
                        $20.00
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\$6.50

\$16.25

PLEI MIX

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\$97.50

(P. formosana x P. confusa)

PLEI SDUC

\$50.00 \$125.00 \$375.00

(P. formosana x P. confusa)

PLEI SMIK

\$10.50 \$26.25 \$78.75

PLEI SOU

### (P. Versailles x P. confusa) \$38.75 \$116.25

\$15.50

<b>Stock</b>	Name	

**Pleione S. Muriel Harberd** 

dry in winter. Grow in light shade.

**Pleione Shantung Ducat** 

#### (P. formosana x P. confusa) PLEI SMUR \$13.00 \$32.50





PLEI SVO

\$15.50 \$38.75 \$116.25

\$60.00

\$48.75



Pleione Display 1999

# Growing Pleione Orchids

Denis Hughes Blue Mountain Nurseries, 99 Bushy Hill Street, Tapanui, New Zealand info@bmn.co.nz

The genus *Pleione* is a group of small, semi-hardy, popular orchids of great beauty. They are easy plants to grow given the right conditions. In recent years artificial hybridization between various species and cultivated forms has led to a wide variety of exciting and colourful hybrids.

I have been growing Pleiones since 1962 and have been enjoying them with increasing interest each spring. Over the past decade, it has become particularly exciting as new species have been discovered and new hybrids developed. In 1988, Phillip Cribb and Ian Butterfield from Great Britain published *The Genus Pleione*. It remains the most comprehensive text on these plants. Ian Butterfield has also done extensive hybridizing within the genus and has registered many hybrids, often named after volcanoes.

### **Natural Distribution**

There are about 16 species widespread from Central Nepal, eastwards to Taiwan, and from Central China, down to southeast Burma, northern Thailand and Laos.

### Habitat

Pleiones grow in a wide variety of mountainous habitats, at altitudes of between 1000 - 4200m. They grow in a wide range of conditions, from almost bare branches of forest trees, mossy limbs, fallen rotting logs, moss covered rocks, soil filled pockets on cliff faces and occasionally on grassland.

### Climate

The summers are wet and relatively warm. In winter (which is the dormant season for *Pleione*) it is cold and dry. During this time the plant is dormant, with no leaves or live roots - just a plump pseudobulb. Species which grow at higher altitudes are often covered with snow for part of this time.

### Cultivation

1. *Do not overwater* during spring when the new roots are emerging at the base of the new shoots. The compost must be only slightly damp, to force the new roots to search for moisture.

- 2. When the plants have developed root systems do not let them dry out during the growing season. Keep them well watered and well fed.
- 3. Plants should be given a suitable rest period during their dormancy in the winter months, with low temperatures and dry compost.
- 4. Pleiones should be grown in shallow clay pots or pans as they are shallow rooting plants. They are community plants and are best grown close together in groups. The pots should be cleaned after use and sterilized before re-planting to reduce the possibility of fungal attack.
- 5. In many parts of New Zealand and southern Australia (especially Tasmania, Victoria and southern New South Wales), Pleiones may be grown outdoors. They must have the appropriate soil conditions. This can usually be achieved with a raised bed in a shaded site where winter rain may be controlled. For example, under the eaves on the shaded (south side) of the house. It is important that out of season frost must not reach these plants when in growth. Remember to take precautions for slugs and snails, which love the tender leaves. Some of the more vigourous forms of *Pleione formosana* are worth trying first.

### Compost

Many combinations of compost have been successfully used. The mix I have used with excellent results over the last few years consists of:

- 1 part Crushed Pine Bark
- 1 part Rotted Pine Needles
- 1 part Coarse Peat Moss
- 1 part Chopped up Sphagnum Moss (lengths about 6 mm long)

Use the coarsest part of the mix in the bottom of the pot and the fines for around the pseudobulbs. If only growing a few plants, an easy mix to convert is, a good indoor plant potting mix with the addition of 25% chopped sphagnum moss. As flowering approaches add 5 ml teaspoon of 9 month Osmocote Plus per 200 mm pot or 5 litres of mix. **Do not compact the mix.** Keep it soft, open, and well-drained.

### Propagation

Mature pseudobulbs will have a natural increase of between 2 to 4 times for the vigourous forms of *P. formosana* and hybrids such as *P.* Versailles. One to three small pseudobulbs should appear at the top of the old pseudobulb with one or two flowering sized bulbs also produced.

### **Major Pests**

- Aphids Transmit virus and distort the leaves and flowers
- Bees May dislodge the pollen and cause the flower to collapse.
- Mealy Bug Suck the sap of the plant.
- Red Spider Mite Indicates that conditions are too dry, may also transmit virus.
- Scale Suck the sap of the plant.
- Slugs and snails Chew the leaves and flowers.

## **MY GROWERS CALENDER FOR PLEIONES**

This is the routine that I use for my plants. As I live near at the southern tip of the South Island of New Zealand, growers in warmer climates may need to modify this slightly.

### July:

Pot up pseudobulbs just before growth commences. Place coarse compost in the bottom of the container, finer grade on top. Insert pseudobulbs to half their depth. Compost at this stage should be only damp. Do not water until buds appear.

### August:

Flower buds appear at the end of the month, so this generally means that you should begin watering. Keep compost on the dry side to begin with. Overwatering at this stage can damage the roots and lead to rot which could be fatal to the plant.

### September:

The majority of plants are in bloom now. While plants are in growth they benefit from air movement. An oscillating fan in a well ventilated shaded greenhouse (or growing close to a ventilator) is beneficial. At this time of year I use 30% shade which is maintained throughout the growing season. In more Northern areas a shadehouse or sheltered shaded patio is ideal, however more shade would be required.

### October:

As the flowers fade the leaves begin rapid growth. Begin to liquid feed with Peters Orchid Special Fertiliser at 50% normal dilution rate. If using osmocote, liquid feeding will <u>not</u> be necessary. Remove old flower stalks to prevent seed being produced. This will help increase vegetative propagation.

### November - February:

The maximum tolerable day temperature is 32°C. Plants benefit from a humid atmosphere and have a high water requirement. This is when your potting mix must hold both large quantities of water and air. Last seasons pseudobulb will turn brown, scrink and wither. Plants may be placed outside in a cool, semi-shaded corner or in a shadehouse. If liquid feeding, change to Peters Blossom Booster at 50% normal rate at the end of January.

### April - May:

When the leaves begin to turn yellow reduce watering, as growth has finished for the season. In about 3 weeks the leaves turn brown and the roots die. Do not panic, as this is normal! This is the stage harvesting may begin. Care must always be taken with the dormant buds at the base of the pseudobulbs, as these produce next seasons plants and flowers.

# **RETAIL TERMS OF TRADE:**

- We expect payment with orders, our preferred form of payment is Visa/ Mastercard. We will email you when your order is packed to arrange payment.
- If you are going to call for your order please phone at least the day before you wish to call so we can have it assembled for you.
- Packing & Freight are NOT included in the price of the plant. Please contact us for a quote as prices change from time to time.
- Prices are subject to alteration without notice.
- All plants listed are ready for dispatch now and orders placed will be supplied on a first come first served basis subject to shortages caused by conditions beyond our control.
- All plants supplied shall remain the property of Blue Mountain Nurseries until payment for the entire order is made in full (including any freight charge and collection fees).
- Blue Mountain Nurseries take care to have all plants sold by them to be true to name and description, to the best of their knowledge, but any express or implied condition, statement or warranty, arising by statute or common law or otherwise, as to growth, description, quality or productiveness, is hereby excluded and Blue Mountain Nurseries will not undertake to replace failures or be responsible for the plants supplied.
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